



## **HEATH STRESS IN AGRICULTURE**



## If you are a worker

Certain climate conditions, such as "heat stroke", can negatively affect the human organism. The consequent increase of the temperature can impact workers health, especially when combined with high level of air humidity and if the work take place under the direct sun.

Some individual factors can contribute to the development of heat stroke:

age, excessive thinness or obesity, medications that can increase the susceptibility to heat, pre-existing general clinical conditions that weaken the body, individual hypersensitivity.



#### DON'T UNDESTIMATE

any symptoms, if it's too hot and you are not feeling well



#### **BE CONCERNED IF**

you have a headache, any dizziness, difficulty in breathing, cramps and palpitations



#### **IMMEDIATELY WARNS**

a colleague, your employer or anyone who can help you



Drink small amount of water frequently, even if you are not thirsty, and avoid alcohol



**Take breaks** in shaded areas



Eat light meals and plenty of fruits and vegetables



Cover your head and wear appropriate clothing

## If you are an employer

# Useful Elements to Assess the Risk of Heat Stroke:

Check daily metereological conditions by consulting weather reports and data from heatwave prediction systems.

Use Worklimate (INAIL and CNR-IBE) and its alert predictive platform: a heat-alert system featuring national forecast risk maps for workers who are not acclimatized to heat, specific to the each occupational sector.

The web platform Worklimate is available at:

https://www.worklimate.it/scelta-mappa

#### How to organise outdoor work

- Take advantage of cooler hours to work in direct sunlight
- · Schedule shifts for heavier tasks
- Provide short but frequent breaks
- If shaded areas are unavailable, arrange temporary shelters
- · Provide room temperature water, not too cold
- Inform your workers about preventive measures and help them respect them!



## MAIN FIRST AID MEASURES

- Call 112/118
- Notify the First Aid Officer immediately
- Move the worker to a cooler and shaded place, lay them down if dizzy or on their side if nauseous.
- Loosen or remove excess clothing
- Sponge the forehead, nape and extremities with cool water
- Provide ventilation to the worker
- If the worker is conscious, give sips of water or a saline solution, every 15 minutes in small amounts
- Keep the worker at complete rest

### **INSIGHTS AND CONTACTS**

ATS Pavia: https://www.ats-pavia.it/agricoltura

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